City of Whitehall

REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(with required supplementary information)

Year ended June 30, 2004

OCT 2 9 2004

deficit

LOCAL AUDIT & FINANCE DIV.

Michigan Deptartment of Treasury 496 (2-04) Auditing Procedures Report

Issued unde	er P.A. 2 of 19	68, as <u>a</u>	mended.				Cou	nh.		
Cocal Government Type									n	
Audit Date 6/30/04	ļ		Opinion Date 10/4/04		Date Accountant Report Submit 10/28/04					
	***	~ .	1 1 . 6 Abr a . Carrama		government and rendered inting Standards Board (<i>nt in Michigan</i> by the Mich	CASB) and th	o Ilnif∩nt	n Pann	tino Phrincipo	
We affirm	n that:						- 1	00	T 2 9 2004	
1. We have complied with the bulletin for the years of the second of the										
2. We are certified public accountants registered to practice in Michigan.										
We further affirm the following. "Yes" responses have been disclosed in the financial statements, including the notes, or in the report of comments and recommendations										
You must	check the	applic	able box for each item b	elow.						
Yes	✓ No	1. (Certain component units/	funds/agencie	es of the local unit are excl	uded from the	financial	stateme	nts.	
Yes No 2. There are accumulated deficits in one or more of this unit's unreserved fund balances/retained earnings (P.A. 275 of 1980).										
Yes No 3. There are instances of non-compliance with the Uniform Accounting and Budgeting Act (P.A. 2 of 1968, as amended).										
Yes	✓ No				itions of either an order r the Emergency Municipa		the Munic	cipal Fin	ance Act or its	
Yes	Yes No 5. The local unit holds deposits/investments which do not comply with statutory requirements. (P.A. 20 of 1943, as amended [MCL 129.91], or P.A. 55 of 1982, as amended [MCL 38.1132]).									
Yes	✓ No	6. 1	The local unit has been d	lelinquent in d	istributing tax revenues th	at were collecte	ed for and	ther tax	ing unit.	
Yes	☐ No	7. p	pension benefits (normal	costs) in the	itutional requirement (Articolorism current year. If the plan requirement, no contribution	is more than 1	00% fund	led and	the overfunding	
Yes	✓ No		The local unit uses cred (MCL 129.241).	lit cards and	has not adopted an app	licable policy a	as require	ed by P.	A. 266 of 1995	
Yes	☑ No	9.	The local unit has not ad	opted an inve	stment policy as required l	oy P.A. 196 of	1997 (MC	L 129.95	5).	
We have	e enclosed	d the f	following:			Enclosed	To Forwa	Be arded	Not Required	
			and recommendations.	AUR					~	
Reports	on individ	ual fed	leral financial assistance	programs (pr	ogram audits).			-	V	
Single Audit Reports (ASLGU). ✓								V		
Certified I	Public Accoun	tant (Fir	m Name)							
Brickl	ey DeLoi				City		State	ZIP		
Street Ad 500 T	_{dress} errace Pl	aza	1		Muskegon		MI	494	143	
Accounted Signature / Date /							/27/0	94		

City of Whitehall LIST OF ELECTED AND APPOINTED OFFICIALS June 30, 2004

ELECTED OFFICIALS

Mayor	Emery Hatch
Mayor Pro Tem	Steve Sikkenga
City Council	Jeff Holmstrom Elizabeth Mahoney Orville Smith Roger Westrate Edd Whalen

APPOINTED OFFICIALS

City Manager	Scott K. Huebler
City Clerk	Karen Helmlinger
Finance Officer/Treasurer	Laurie Audo

City of Whitehall

TABLE OF CONTENTS

List of Elected and Appointed Officials	
Management's Discussion and Analysis	i - viii
Independent Auditors' Report	1
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-Wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Assets	
Statement of Activities	4
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet—Governmental Funds	5
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental	_
Funds to the Statement of Net Assets	6
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	_
in Fund Balances —Governmental Funds	7
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures	
and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	0
to the Statement of Activities	
Statement of Net Assets—Enterprise Funds	9
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets— Enterprise Funds	10
Statement of Cash Flows—Enterprise Funds	10 11
Statement of Cash Flows—Enterprise Funds Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets	11
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets	13
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary 11ct Assets	10
Component Units	
Statement of Net Assets	
Statement of Activities	15
Notes to Financial Statements	16
Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule—General Fund	37
Budgetary Comparison Schedule—Street Improvement Fund	38
Other Supplemental Information	
Statements of Other Governmental Funds	40
Balance Sheet	40
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	<i>A</i> 1
Fund Balances (Deficits)	41
Statistical Section (unaudited)	
Schedule of Operating Statistics	43
Comparative Operating Statistics—Water and Sewer System	44

City of Whitehall Management Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2004

As management of the City of Whitehall, we present to the readers of the City's financial statements this overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2004. We encourage you to consider the information presented in the financial statements along with the additional information furnished in this letter.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The assets of the City exceeded liabilities of \$2,414,850 at the close of the fiscal year by \$20,075,816 (net assets). Of this amount, \$4,754,626 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Governmental activities had net assets totaling \$9,526,298. The business type activities added \$949,185 to net assets and ended the year with \$10,549,518.

The Brownfield Redevelopment Authority was the only fund with a deficit at year end.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements are comprised of three components - government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Assets presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the City's net assets changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported when the event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both of the government-wide statements mentioned above distinguish functions of the City are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are designed to recover all or a significant part of their costs through user fees and charges for services (business type activities).

The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works, health, welfare and sanitation, community and economic development and cultural and recreational activities. The business-type activities of the City include water wells and water distribution, sewer services and the marina.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the primary government but also the legally separate entities - the Tax Increment Finance Authority (TIFA), Local Development Finance Authority (LDFA) and Brownfield Redevelopment Authority (BRA). The boards of these organizations are appointed by the City Council. Given the interrelation of the two, there is some potential liability for the City due to the pledge of its full faith and credit for debt obligations. The financial information of these component units is reported in a separate column from the financial information of the primary government.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories - governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

Government Funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on current sources, uses, and balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. This information may be useful in evaluating a governmental entity's short-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long term impact of the short term financing decisions. The governmental fund balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison.

The City maintains sixteen individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, street improvement fund, and the Warner/Zeller fund, which are all considered major funds. Data from the other thirteen governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Proprietary Funds - The City has enterprise and internal service proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. These funds are used to account for the sewer, water, and marina operations. The internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the various functions. The City uses its internal fund to charge the costs of equipment used to the individual funds. Because this service predominately benefits governmental rather than business-type functions, it has been included within governmental activities in the governmental-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary funds financial statements provide separate information for sewer, water, and marina funds all of which are major funds. The internal service fund is presented in its own column in the propriety funds financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City. Fiduciary funds are not reflected on the government-wide financial statements because the resources from those funds are not available to support the City's programs. The accounting method used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for the proprietary funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential for a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The reader is encouraged to include the reading of this section in any attempt to analyze and understand these statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain supplementary information concerning the City's budgetary information as it relates to the actual expenditures for the General Fund and Street Improvement Fund.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with the non-major governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on budgetary information.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The first table presented is a summary of the government-wide statement of net assets for the City. As stated earlier, the net assets may be used as an indicator of a government's financial health. As of June 30, the City's net assets from governmental activities totaled \$9,526,298 (47%) and \$10,549,518 (53%) from business-type activities, creating a total government-wide net asset total of \$20,075,816. Since this is the first year the City has prepared financial statements following GASB 34, comparisons to fiscal year 2003 are not available.

In examining the composition of these net assets, the reader should note that governmental activities net assets are invested in capital assets (i.e., streets, buildings, land, vehicles, equipment, etc.) These assets are used to provide services to the residents and they are not available to pay salaries, operational expenses, or fund capital projects.

TABLE 1 CITY OF WHITEHALL NET ASSETS

	Governmental	Business-type	
	Activities	Activities	
	2004	2004	Total
<u>Assets</u>			
Current	\$ 2,298,510	\$ 3,480,537	\$ 5,779,048
Restricted		127,399	127,399
Capital assets and other		·	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
noncurrent assets	<u>8,197,670</u>	_8,386,550	16,584,219
Total	10,496,180	11,994,486	22,490,666
			,,,,,,,,
<u>Liabilities</u>			
Current	170,162	242,342	412,504
Noncurrent	799,720	1,202,626	2,002,346
Total	969,882	1,444,968	2,414,850
Net Assets			
Capital, Net of Debt	7,527,651	7,080,415	14,608,065
Restricted	585,726	127,399	713,125
Unrestricted	1,412,921	3,341,704	4,754,626
Total net assets	\$ <u>9,526,298</u>	\$ <u>10,549,518</u>	\$ <u>20,075,816</u>

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities increased the City's net assets by \$463,530, accounting for 33% of the total growth in net assets. Table 2 depicts this occurrence which will be discussed in more detail later in this analysis.

Business-type activities

At the end of the fiscal year, the net assets for business-type activities increased by \$949,185 or 67% of the total growth in net assets. This is most clearly represented by the excess in revenue over expenditures of \$570,361 and capital grants and contributions of \$378,824. Three funds comprise the business-type activities. The sewer, water and marina funds experienced an increase in net assets for the year.

TABLE 2
CITY OF WHITEHALL CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

	Governmental	D		
	Activities	Business-type	Component	
	1	Activities	Units	
Povenues	2004	2004	2004	Total
Revenues				
Program Character Carriers	0 156.664	6 400=444		
Charges for Services	\$ 156,664	\$ 1,807,116	-	\$ 1,963,780
Operating Grants	25,967	-	-	25,967
Capital Grants	660,048	378,824	-	1,038,872
General				
Property taxes	1,015,432	-	1,138,582	2,154,014
Grants/Contributions	869,315	-	-	869,315
Investment Earnings	36,757	17,600	6,880	61,237
Miscellaneous	31,306	-	-	31,306
Gain (Loss) on Sales	(12,064)	-	15,030	2,966
Total	2,783,425	2,203,540	1,160,492	6 ,147,457
Г				
Expenses				
General Government	505,126	-	63,314	568,440
Public Safety	733,690	-	-	733,690
Public Works	857,938	-	243,249	1,101,187
Health and Welfare	30,089	-	-	30,089
Culture and Recreation	125,158	-	-	125,158
Econ. Development	18,512	-	-	18,512
Other	9,656	-	1,182,074	1,191,730
Interest	39,726	-	57,509	97,235
Sewer Fund	-	613,007	-	613,007
Water Fund	-	481,264	-	481,264
Marina Fund		<u>160,084</u>		160,084
Total	2,319,895	<u>1,254,355</u>	1,546,146	5,120,396
Increase in Net Assets	463,530	949,185	(385,654)	1 027 061
Net Assets – 7/1/03	<u>9,062,768</u>	_9,600,333	' ' '	1,027,061
Net Assets - 6/30/04	\$_9,526,298	\$ <u>10,549,518</u>	\$\frac{452,894}{67,240}	19,115,995 20.143.056
2.002200000000000	Ψ <u></u>	Ψ <u>17777710</u>	Ψ <u>υ/,440</u>	₽ <u>40,143,030</u>

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As stated earlier in this discussion and analysis, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances in spend able resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balances or the lack thereof, may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of the 2004 fiscal year, the governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$1,903,816. Of this number, \$1,235,613 represents the unreserved fund balance, comprised of \$873,651 in the General Fund, \$5,611 in the Street Improvement Fund, and \$356,351 in other governmental funds. It is necessary to further distinguish between unreserved and reserved fund balance. The unreserved balance represents what is available for spending at the City's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed to liquidate contracts and purchase orders (\$18,279), capital purchases (\$311,801), and reserves for perpetual care (\$338,123).

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of 2004, the unreserved General Fund balance was \$873,651 and the total General Fund balance was \$891,930. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unreserved fund balance represents 38% of the general fund expenditures.

Proprietary Funds

The City proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. The unrestricted net assets of the Sewer Fund at the end of the year increased by \$246,658. The Water Fund increased by \$404,505 and the Marina Fund increased by \$294,979. The result was an overall net increase in the proprietary funds of \$946,142.

General Fund Budget

Some amendments were made to the original budget during the fiscal year. General Fund revenues were reduced in state shared revenues, cable TV franchise fees, and interest earnings. Revenues were increased for an Alcoa grant, reimbursement of pathway maintenance costs, sale of fixed assets, and insurance claim reimbursements. Increases in expenses occurred for the grant, pollution control legal fees, pathway activity, and transfers to the street improvement fund and the leaf removal fund.

General Fund revenues were not received for the pathway grant. A transfer from the Sewer Fund and the Alcoa grant were less than budgeted. Salaries in administration, planning, and police were down because positions were not filled or were eliminated during the year. Planned alley maintenance, sanitation, and pathway maintenance projects were not all completed. Budget transfers were not made to the Motor Pool Fund.

Capital Assets Administration

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2004 totaled \$15,937,228 (net of accumulated depreciation). Investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, infrastructure, improvements, machinery, equipment, and vehicles.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the completion of a downtown project and the beginning of an expansion to the industrial park. Construction in progress increased the business type activities due to the infrastructure related to the expansion.

TABLE 3
CITY OF WHITEHALL CAPITAL ASSETS
Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	Governmental Activities 2004	Business-type Activities 2004	Total
Land Land Improvements Buildings Infrastructure Equipment Total	\$ 936,128	\$ 349,643	\$ 1,285,771
	361,985	285,129	647,114
	871,398	470,574	1,341,972
	5,652,255	6,550,763	12,203,018
	356,477	102,876	459,353
	\$ <u>8,178,243</u>	\$ 7,758,985	\$ 15,937,228

Long Term Debt

At the end of the fiscal year, the City had total outstanding debt of \$2,205,346 consisting of general obligation bonds, revenue bonds, installment purchase agreements, and accumulated compensated absences. The general obligation debt of \$425,000 in governmental funds and \$1,395,000 in the component units are backed by the full faith and credit of the City. The City is also liable for a \$25,000 special assessment debt in the event of default by the property owners subject to the assessment. There are also installment purchases of \$35,853 for the ambulance building and \$164,739 for the Kelly property on Lake Street. The remainder of the debt represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEARS BUDGET

The General Fund has three major revenue sources - state shared revenue, property taxes and contributions from TIFA and LDFA. These three comprised over 87% of the general fund revenue. In fiscal year 2004/05, State shared revenue is expected to decline, Property tax revenues are expected to increase by approximately 6% and TIFA and LDFA contributions are expected to increase but are subject to change.

The City has undertaken a number of measures to offset flat or declining revenues such as reducing expenditures, reduced staffing, and changes in health care plans. Most significantly has been the removal of statutory state shared revenue from operational expenditures. The budgeted amount will be used for capital expenditures and thus not jeopardize basic services should the State legislature act to continue eroding or outright eliminate this source of funding.

The General Fund Budget remained relatively unchanged for fiscal year 2004/05 with a 1% reduction in expenditures. It will again be drawing down on fund balance for the third year in a row. The Fund will be left with an adequate fund balance at 33% of expenses. Expenses increased in elections to reflect the presidential year election and in city hall for the placement of a scrolling marquee sign to replace the banner poles spanning Colby Street. Costs were reduced in downtown streetscape for routine maintenance and in transfer out.

The City Council and staff remain optimistic that the City's economic stability will be further enhanced by several projects in various stages of development. These include the redevelopment of the old tannery, expansion of the industrial park, and development of the Evergreen subdivision.

The City's business-type activities have not experienced the same severe revenue losses as the governmental activities funds. Service rates for sewer and water will remain the same for next year. Marina rates are subject to approval by the Michigan Waterways Commission. The Sewer Fund will incur additional costs in fiscal year 2004/05 due to the demolition of the old treatment plant and a rate increase from the Muskegon County Wastewater Treatment Plant. The Water Fund is working towards constructing a new well. Current savings will be used to pay for these major expenditures.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Whitehall's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the City of Whitehall, 405 East Colby Street, Whitehall, Michigan, 49461, (231) 894-4048.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

October 4, 2004

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Whitehall Whitehall, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Whitehall as of and for the year ended June 30, 2004, which collectively comprise the City's financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Whitehall's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Whitehall, as of June 30, 2004, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in Note A, the City of Whitehall has implemented a new financial reporting model, as required by the provisions of GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments, as of June 30, 2004.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages i through viii and 37 through 44 are not a required part of the basic financial statement but are supplemental information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplemental information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

BRICKLEY DELONG

City Council October 4, 2004 Page 2

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Whitehall's basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor governmental funds financial statements and statistical data are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor funds financial statements have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The statistical data has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

City of Whitehall STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2004

ASSETS

	Governm activi		Business-type activities	Total	Component units
CURRENT ASSETS		450	2.040.655		e 656.205
Cash and investments	\$ 2,109	,453 \$		\$ 5,150,130	\$ 556,295
Receivables		- (599)	342,501 599	342,501	•
Internal balances	1/	(399) ,000	399	10,000	-
Due from component unit		,612	50,427	200,039	_
Due from other governmental units Inventories		,765	46,334	58,099	-
Prepaid items		,279	-	18,279	-
Total current assets	2,298		3,480,538	5,779,048	556,295
RESTRICTED ASSETS			127,399	127,399	524,396
RESTRICTED TOURS					ŕ
NONCURRENT ASSETS					#10.404
Capital assets, net	8,178	,243	7,758,985	15,937,228	719,404
Access rights, net		•	608,560	608,560	17.451
Bond issue costs, net	14	427	19,004	19,004 19,427	17,451
Special assessments Total noncurrent assets	8,197	<u>,427 </u>	8,386,549	16,584,219	736,855
Total assets	10,490	,180	11,994,486	22,490,666	1,817,546
LIABILIT	IES AND NET ASSETS				
CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	69	,610	94,953	164,563	327,692
Due to other governmental units		•	853	853	10,000
Customer deposits		-	10,393	10,393	•
Deferred revenue		,957	-	10,957	240.000
Bonds, capital leases and contracts, due within one year		500	125,000	203,000	240,000 17,614
Accrued interest, due within one year		,595	11,143	22,738	
Total current liabilities	170	,162	242,342	412,504	595,306
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES					
Bonds, capital leases and contracts, less amounts due within one year		,592	1,162,130	1,734,722	1,155,000
Compensated absences	22′	,128	40,496	267,624	•
Total noncurrent liabilities	799	,720	1,202,626	2,002,346	1,155,000
Total liabilities	969	,882	1,444,968	2,414,850	1,750,306
NET ASSETS (DEFICIT)					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	7,52	,651	7,080,414	14,608,065	548,800
Restricted for:					
Capital projects	241	,603	-	247,603	-
Debt service	***	. 100	127,399	127,399	•
Perpetual care		3,123	2 241 705	338,123 4,754,626	(481,560)
Unrestricted Total net essets (definit)	\$ \frac{1,41.}{9,520}	<u>,921</u> 5.298 S	3,341,705 10,549,518	\$ 20,075,816	\$ 67,240
Total net assets (deficit)	9,02	- U-Lac	10,577,510	20,075,010	- 0.,240

City of Whitehall STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the year ended June 30, 2004

									Ne	t (Expe	nse) Revenue	and C	hanges in Net	Assets	
				Pro	gram Revenue						ry Governmen				Total
			Charges for	Oper	ating grants	(Capital grants	Gov	ernmental	В	isiness-type			-	Component
Functions/Programs	Expense	<u>s</u>	services	and c	ontributions	an	d contributions	ac	tivities		activities	_	Total	_	units
Primary government		_													
Governmental activities															
General government	\$ 505,12		\$ 78,370	\$	-	\$	-		(426,756)	\$	-	\$	(426,756)	S	(63,314)
Public safety	733,69	ю	30,057		22,820		-		(680,813)		-		(680,813)		•
Public works	857,93		48,237		-		660,048	1	(149,653)		-		(149,653)		(243,249)
Health, welfare and sanitation	30,08		-		-		-		(30,089)		-		(30,089)		-
Culture and recreation	125,15	8	-		-		-	1	(125,158)		-		(125,158)		•
Community and economic development	18,51		-		-		-		(18,512)		-		(18,512)		• •
Other governmental functions	9,65	6	•		-		-		(9,656)		-		(9,656)		(1,182,074)
Interest on long-term debt	39,72	6		_	3,147		-		(36,579)	_		_	(36,579)	_	(57,509)
Total governmental activities	2,319,89	95	156,664		25,967		660,048	(1	,477,216)		-		(1,477,216)		(1,546,146)
Business-type activities															
Sewer	613,00		783,254		-		82,189		•		252,436		252,436		~
Water	481,26	55	750,754		•		115,381		-		384,870		384,870		-
Marina	160,08	34	273,108		-		181,254		•		294,278	_	294,278		•
Total business-type activities	1,254,35	66_	1,807,116		-	_	378,824		-		931,584	_	931,584	_	
Total primary government	\$ 3,574,25	51	\$ 1,963,780	s	25,967	\$.	1,038,872	(1	,477,216)		931,584		(545,632)		-
Component units															
TIFA	\$ 907,26		\$ -	\$	-	\$	-		-		-		-		(907,264)
LDFA	628,5		-		-		-		-		•		-		(628,511)
Brownfield Redevelopment Authority	10,37	71				-	-				-	_		_	(10,371)
Total component units	\$ 1,546,14	16	s	s	-	\$.			-		-		•		(1,546,146)
General revenues									,015,432				1,015,432		1,138,582
Property taxes									869,315		-		869,315		1,130,302
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs									36,757		17,601		54,358		6,880
Unrestricted investment earnings									31,306		17,001		31,306		-
Miscellaneous									(12,064)		-		(12,064)		15,030
Gain (loss) on sale of fixed asset								_		_		-		_	
Total general revenues and special items								1	,940,746		17,601	-	1,958,347	-	1,160,492
Change in net assets									463,530		949,185		1,412,715		(385,654)
Net assets at July 1, 2003								9	,062,768		9,600,333	-	18,663,101	-	452,894
Net assets at June 30, 2004								\$ 9	,526,298	s _1	0,549,518	s_	20,075,816	s_	67,240

City of Whitehall BALANCE SHEET Governmental Funds June 30, 2004

	General Fund		Street Improvement Fund		Warner Zeller Fund		Other governmental funds		Total governmental funds		
ASSETS					_			000 040	•	1 500 100	
Cash and investments	\$	814,334	\$	6,111	\$	64,198	\$	898,843	\$	1,783,486	
Special assessments		-		-		-		19,427		19,427	
Due from other governmental units		103,334		•		-		46,222		149,556	
Due from other funds		20,043		-		-		•		20,043	
Due from component unit		10,000		-		-		-		10,000	
Prepaid items		18,279		-		-		<u> </u>	_	18,279	
Total assets	\$_	965,990	\$	6,111	\$	64,198	\$_	964,492	\$_	2,000,791	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES											
Liabilities											
Accounts payable	\$	37,437	\$	500	\$	-	\$	496	\$	38,433	
Accrued liabilities		25,666		-		-		2,492		28,158	
Deferred revenue	_	10,957		-		-	_	19,427	_	30,384	
Total liabilities		74,060		500		-		22,415		96,975	
Fund balances											
Reserved for:											
Prepaid items		18,279		•		-		-		18,279	
Capital projects		•		•		64,198		247,603		311,801	
Perpetual care		-		•		-		338,123		338,123	
Unreserved		873,651		5,611	_		_	356,351	_	1,235,613	
Total fund balances		891,930		5,611		64,198	_	942,077	_	1,903,816	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$_	965,990	\$	6,111	\$	64,198	\$ <u></u>	964,492	\$_	2,000,791	

City of Whitehall RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

June 30, 2004

Total fund balance—governmental funds	\$	1,903,816
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and		
are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Cost of capital assets	\$ 12,341,647	
Accumulated depreciation	(4,664,363)	7,677,284
Other receivables in governmental activities is not reported in the governmental funds		19,427
Long-term liabilities in governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period		
and are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Long-term liabilities	(650,592)	
Compensated absences	(219,825)	(870,417)
Accrued interest in governmental activities is not reported in the governmental funds.		(11,595)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of equipment and		
information system costs to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal		
service funds are included in the governmental activities in the statement of net assets.		807,783
Net assets of governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets	\$	9,526,298

City of Whitehall STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES Governmental Funds For the year ended June 30, 2004

	_	General Fund	I 	Street Improvement Fund		Warner Zeller Fund	Other governmental funds		•	Total governmental funds
REVENUES	_		_		_				•	1.015.420
Property taxes	\$	1,015,432	\$	•	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,015,432
Licenses and permits		18,570		•		•		•		18,570
Intergovernmental revenues						200 274				225,407
Federal		17,043		•		208,364 163,715		285,431		767,644
State		318,498		207.00		103,713		285,431		612,222
Local		301,679		287,969		•		47,470		109,962
Charges for services		62,492		-		•		47,470		14,057
Fines and forfeitures		14,057		132		611		15,567		35,015
Investment earnings		18,705		132		011		7,902		14,866
Other	-	6,964	-		-		_			
Total revenues		1,773,440		288,101		372,690		378,944		2,813,175
EXPENDITURES										
Current		100 150								420 460
General government		428,468		-		-		25.000		428,468
Public safety		660,321		-		•		25,960		686,281 410,247
Public works		116,189		-		-		294,058		30,117
Health and sanitation		30,117		-		-		•		18,512
Community and economic development		18,512		-		-		-		121,604
Culture and recreation		121,604 9,656		-		+		•		9,656
Other governmental functions		9,030		-		•		-		2,030
Debt service		6,612				_		66,254		72,866
Principal Interest and fees		2,617		-		-		39,100		41,717
		30,747		547,311		518,031		7,860		1,103,949
Capital outlay	-	1,424,843	_	547,311	-	518,031	_	433,232	•	2,923,417
Total expenditures	-				-		-		•	
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		348,597		(259,210)		(145,341)		(54,288)		(110,242)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets		4,722		-		-		-		4,722
Operating transfers in		•		189,685		•		275,668		465,353
Operating transfers out	_	(287,600)	_	(16,802)	_	-	_	(160,951)		(465,353)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	(282,878)	_	172,883	_	-	_	114,717		4,722
Net change in fund balances		65,719		(86,327)		(145,341)		60,429		(105,520)
Fund balances at July 1, 2003	-	826,211	_	91,938	_	209,539	_	881,648	,	2,009,336
Fund balances at June 30, 2004	s_	891,930	s _	5,611	\$_	64,198	s _	942,077	\$	1,903,816

City of Whitehall

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the year ended June 30, 2004

Net change in fund balances—total governmental funds:			\$	(105,520)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:				
Revenue reported in the Statement of Activities that does not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenue in the governmental funds.				(19,426)
Governmental funds report outlays for capital assets as expenditures in the Statement of Activities; these costs are depreciated over their estimated useful lives.	•	(49.0.049)		
Depreciation expense Capital outlay	\$ -	(486,948) 1,066,144		579,196
Proceeds from the sale of fixed assets are reported as revenues in the governmental funds; proceeds are netted against net book value in the Statement of Activities and a net resulting gain or loss is recorded.				(16,782)
Repayment of principal on long-term debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets.				72,864
Accrued interest on long-term debt is recorded in the Statement of Activities when incurred, but is not reported in the governmental funds until paid.				1,991
Increases in the compensated absences are reported on the accrual method in the Statement of Activities and reported as expenditures when financial resources are used in the governmental funds.				(56,325)
The internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of equipment and information system costs to individual funds.				
The net revenue of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.			_	7,532
Change in net assets of governmental activities			\$ _	463,530

City of Whitehall STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS Proprietary Funds June 30, 2004

1

ASSETS

Internal

		Enterprise funds						service		
	•	Sewer		Water		Marina	_	Total	_	funds
CURRENT ASSETS	•		•							
Cash and investments	S	1,509,033	S	1,387,834	\$,	\$	3,040,677	S	325,966
Accounts receivable		194,146		162,520		1,181		357,847		
Due from other funds		33		19,050		-		19,083		1,451
Due from other governmental units		-		·		35,081		35,081		56
Inventories				33,434		12,900	-	46,334	_	11,765
Total current assets		1,703,212		1,602,838		192,972		3,499,022		339,238
RESTRICTED ASSETS		75,211		52,188		•		127,399		-
NONCURRENT ASSETS										
Capital assets, net										
Plants and systems		3,224,064		5,179,157		-		8,403,221		
Buildings and improvements		313,570		341,148		474,835		1,129,553		410,121
Land improvements				-		523,536		523,536		- -
Equipment		190,470		17,452		245.400		207,922		790,716
Land				4,223		345,420		349,643		-
Construction in progress		82,189		118,434		(331,288)		200,623 (3,055,514)		(699,878)
Less accumulated depreciation		(1,227,968)		(1,496,258)			-		_	
Capital assets, net		2,582,325		4,164,156		1,012,503		7,758,984		500,959
Access rights, net of accumulated amortization		608,560		-		-		608,560		-
Bond issuance costs, net of accumulated amortization		11,677		7,328			-	19,005	_	
Total noncurrent assets		3,202,562		4,171,484		1,012,503		8,386,549	_	500,959
Total assets		4,980,985		5,826,510		1,205,475		12,012,970		840,197
LIABILITIES AND I	VET .	ASSETS								
CURRENT LIABILITIES						45.000		2000		1 700
Accounts payable		48,701		23,325		15,029		87,055		1,788
Accrued expenses		8,230		9,047		2,616		19,893 10,393		8,533
Customer deposits		•		10,393		-		21,527		19,050
Due to other funds		95,000		21,527 25,000		5,000		125,000		-
Bonds, capital leases and contracts, due within one year							•		-	
Total current liabilities		151,931		89,292		22,645		263,868		29,371
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES										
Bonds, capital leases and contracts, less amounts due within one year		771,130		380,000		11,000		1,162,130		-
Compensated absenses		15,269		25,227				40,496	-	
Total noncurrent liabilities		786,399		405,227		11,000		1,202,626	-	<u> </u>
Total liabilities		938,330		494,519		33,645		1,466,494	-	29,371
NET ASSETS										
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		2,324,755		3,759,156		996,503		7,080,414		500,959
Restricted for debt service		75,211		52,188				127,399		
Unrestricted		1,642,689		1,520,647		175,327		3,338,663	_	309,867
Total net assets	S	4,042,655	S	5,331,991	S	1,171,830		10,546,476	s_	810,826
The assets and liabilities of the Internal Service Fund are included in the fund financial statement,										
but some are included in the business activities of the Statement of Net Assets.								3,043		
Total net assets per government-wide financial statements							s	10,549,519		
total the amore bet for territorie, and interioris servinging							-			

City of Whitehall STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS Proprietary Funds

For the year ended June 30, 2004

	Enterprise funds							Internal	
		Sewer		Water	ise i	unds Marina	Total	-	service funds
REVENUES				***************************************			1004		Tunus
Charges for services	\$	745,364	\$	726,873	9	158,004	\$ 1,630,241	s	202,305
OPERATING EXPENSES									
Operations		442,384		333,305		144,577	920,266		136,970
Depreciation and amortization		129,211		118,877		14,362	262,450		71,255
Total operating expenses		571,595		452,182		158,939	1,182,716		208,225
Operating income (loss)		173,769		274,691		(935)	447,525		(5,920)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				·		(,	,		(3,720)
Investment income		8,781		8,029		791	17.601		1.045
Connection fees		37,890		23,881		791	17,601 61,771		1,745
Capital grants and contributions						115,103	115,103		•
Interest expense		(42,601)		(30,847)		(1,234)	(74,682)	1	
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)		4,070		1,063		114,660	119,793		1,745
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers		177,839	•	275,754		113,725	567,318		(4,175)
Capital contributions		82,189		115,381		181,254	378,824		(), ,
Transfers in		•		13,370		-	13,370		-
Transfers out		(13,370)		•		-	(13,370)		_
Gain on sale of equipment		-		-			-		14,750
Change in net assets		246,658		404,505		294,979	946,142	• -	10,575
Total net assets at July 1, 2003		3,795,997		4,927,486		876,851	9,600,334		800,251
Total net assets at June 30, 2004	\$	4,042,655	\$	5,331,991	\$	1,171,830 \$		· _	810,826
Change in net assets, per above	•		-			S		· ·	
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise for	mde					•	•		
•	····						3,043		
Change in business-type activities in net assets per government-wide financial statements						\$	949,185		

City of Whitehall STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS Proprietary Funds

For the year ended June 30, 2004

		Enterprise funds							Internal service	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		Sewer		Water		Marina		Total		funds
Receipts from customers Receipts from interfund services provided Payments to suppliers Payments to employees Internal activity—payments to other funds	\$	752,021 744 (282,702) (135,691) (26,921)	S	736,397 22,254 (153,574) (168,203) (56,804)	s	157,655 - (108,405) (34,054) (2,036)	s	1,646,073 22,998 (544,681) (337,948) (85,761)	s	204,518 (158,850) (63,510) 19,050
Net cash provided by operating activities		307,451		380,070		13,160		700,681	•	1,208
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITES Operating subsidies and transfers to other funds		(13,370)		13,370		•		-		-
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Capital contributions Proceeds from the sale of fixed assets Purchases of capital assets Principal and interest paid on capital debt Other receipts		82,189 - (94,537) (87,318) 37,890		115,381 - (172,816) (208,547) 23,881		263,299 - (263,744) (6,567)		460,869 - (531,097) (302,432)		14,750 (16,437)
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities	-	(61,776)		(242,101)	-			61,771	-	
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Investment earnings		9,663		8,028		(7,012) 887		(310,889)		(1,687)
Net increase in cash and investments	-	241,968	•	159,367	-			18,578	_	1,975
Cash and investments at July 1, 2003	_	1,342,276		1,280,655		7,035 136,775		408,370 2,759,706		1,496 324,470
Cash and investments at June 30, 2004	\$_	1,584,244	S	1,440,022	s	143,810	s.	3,168,076	s	325,966
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities	s	173,769	\$	274,691	s	(935)	s	447,525	s =	(5,920)
Depreciation expense Change in assets and liabilities		129,211		118,877		14,362		262,450		71,255
Receivables, net Due from other governmental units Due from other funds		7,999 -		30,660		(349)		38,310		- 456
Inventories Accounts and other payables		(34) - 147		(19,047) 378		(4,856)		(19,081) (4,478)		2,213 (2,944)
Accrued expenses Customer deposits Due to other funds		(3,638)		(12,181) (7,691) (1,118)		4,943 (5) -		(7,091) (11,334) (1,118)		(80,936) (1,966) -
Net cash provided by operating activities	s	(3) 307,451	s_	(4,499) 380,070	s_	13,160	s_	(4,502) 700,681	s_	19,050 1,208

City of Whitehall STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS

Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2004

ASSETS	Pension Trust Fund	Agency Fund Tax Collection Fund
Cash and investments	\$ 476,976	\$
NET ASSETS Held in trust for pension benefits	\$ <u>476,976</u>	\$

City of Whitehall STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS

Pension Trust Fund For the year ended June 30, 2004

ADDITIONS		
Contributions		
Employer	\$	22,096
Plan members	v	40,446
Total contributions		62,542
Investment earnings		
Net increase in fair value of investments		49,335
Total additions	1	111,877
DEDUCTIONS		
Benefits		(475
Fees		6,475 172
Total deductions		
		6,647
Change in net assets	1	05,230
Net assets at July 1, 2003	3	71,746
Net assets at Irms 20, 2004		
Net assets at June 30, 2004	\$4	76,976

City of Whitehall STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

Component Units June 30, 2004

ASSETS

		TIFA	-	LDFA	Rec	Brownfield development Authority	_	Total
CURRENT ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$	297,628	\$	257,848	\$	819	\$	556,295
RESTRICTED ASSETS		•		524,396		-		524,396
NONCURRENT ASSETS								
Capital assets, net		145,568		573,836		-		719,404
Bond issue costs, net		-	_	17,451		-	_	17,451
Total noncurrent assets	_	145,568	400	591,287		-	_	736,855
Total assets		443,196		1,373,531		819		1,817,546
LIABILITIE	S AND NE	T ASSETS (D	EFICI	TS)				
CURRENT LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		3,626		322,877		1,189		327,692
Due to the primary government		-		-		10,000		10,000
Bonds, capital leases and contracts, due within one year		175,000		65,000		-		240,000
Accrued interest, due within one year		8,725	_	8,889		-	_	17,614
Total current liabilities		187,351		396,766		11,189		595,306
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES								
Bonds, less amounts due within one year		525,000	_	630,000		-	_	1,155,000
Total liabilities		712,351	_	1,026,766		11,189	_	1,750,306
NET ASSETS (DEFICITS)								
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		145,568		403,232		-		548,800
Unrestricted		(414,723)	_	(56,467)		(10,370)	_	(481,560)
Total net assets	\$	(269,155)	\$_	346,765	\$	(10,370)	\$_	67,240

City of Whitehall STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Component Units
For the year ended June 30, 2004

						Net (Exp	ense) Revenue	an	d Changes in Net Ass	sets		
					_		Primary	Go	vernment			
Functions/Programs Component Units		Expenses		Program Revenue		•		TIFA	LDFA	Brownfield Redevelopment Authority		Total
TIFA												
General government	\$	35,174	\$	-	\$	(35,174) \$	-	\$	- \$	(35,174)		
Public works		153,307		-		(153,307)	•		-	(153,307)		
Interest on long-term debt		43,470		-		(43,470)	-		-	(43,470)		
Other governmental function	_	675,313		-		(675,313)	-			(675,313)		
Total TIFA	_	907,264		-		(907,264)		-		(907,264)		
LDFA												
General government		17,769		•		-	(17,769)		-	(17,769)		
Public works		89,942		-		-	(89,942)		•	(89,942)		
Interest on long-term debt		14,039		•		-	(14,039)		•	(14,039)		
Other governmental function	_	506,761		•			(506,761)	-	<u> </u>	(506,761)		
Total LDFA	-	628,511		-			(628,511)	-	-	(628,511)		
Brownfield Redevelopment Authority		10,371				•			(10,371)	(10,371)		
Total component units	\$ _	1,546,146	. \$ _	•	=	(907,264)	(628,511)		(10,371)	(1,546,146)		
General revenues												
Property taxes						925,908	212,674		•	1,138,582		
Unrestricted investment earnings						3,084	3,795		1	6,880		
Miscellaneous					_	15,000	30			15,030		
Total general revenues, special items, and transfers						943,992	216,499		1	1,160,492		
Change in net assets						36,728	(412,012)		(10,370)	(385,654)		
Net assets (deficit) at July 1, 2003					-	(305,883)	758,777		-	452,894		
Net assets (deficit) at June 30, 2004					\$_	(269,155) \$	346,765	\$	(10,370) \$	67,240		

City of Whitehall NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2004

NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Whitehall (City) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

Effective July 1, 2003, the City and component units adopted GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments, as amended by GASB Statement No. 37 and No. 38. These statements primarily establish standards for external financial reporting for state and local governments. Certain significant changes in these statements include the following:

- A Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) section providing an analysis of the City's overall financial position and results of operations.
- Government-wide financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the City's activities.
- A change in the fund financial statements to focus on the major funds.
- Expansion of footnote disclosures.
- These and other changes are reflected in the accompanying financial statements, including notes to financial statements.

The beginning net assets restated for the effects of implementation of GASB Statement No. 34 are as follows:

		<u>City</u>	Tax Increment Finance Authority		Do H	Local owntown Finance Authority
Fund balances at July 1, 2003—governmental funds	\$	2,009,336	\$	480,779	\$	302,766
Capital assets, net Internal service fund equity Accrued liabilities Long-term liabilities Compensated absences	_	7,153,723 800,251 (13,586) (723,456) (163,500)	_	145,568 (12,230) (920,000)		506,949 - (938) (50,000)
Restated net assets at July 1, 2003	\$_	9,062,768	\$_	(305,883)	\$	758 <u>,777</u>

NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES—Continued

1. Reporting Entity

The City of Whitehall (City) is a municipal corporation governed by an elected seven-member City Council which appoints one of its members as mayor and is administered by a city manager appointed by the City Council. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements (see note below for description) to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

Discretely presented component units

The discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the primary government. Each discretely presented component unit has a June 30 fiscal year end. The discretely presented component units are as follows:

Tax Increment Finance Authority (TIFA), Brownfield Redevelopment Authority (Brownfield), and Local Development Finance Authority (LDFA). The TIFA, Brownfield and LDFA boards are appointed by the City Council, but the Authorities operate as a separate entity. The boards can authorize and issue debt independent from the City. The component units are presented as governmental fund types.

The White Lake Ambulance Authority, White Lake Fire Authority, White Lake Area Solid Waste Authority, and White Lake Community Library are related organizations which are excluded financial reporting entities because the City's accountability does not extend beyond appointments and annual contributions. Audited financial statements are available from each entity.

2. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirement of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. The City does not allocate indirect costs.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES—Continued

3. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, income taxes, franchise taxes, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Street Improvement Fund and the Warner Zeller Fund are used to improve the City's infrastructure.

The City reports the following two major proprietary funds:

The Sewer Fund operates the City's sewage pumping station, collection systems and pays for access to the county's sewage treatment plant.

The Water Fund operates the City's water distribution system.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

The Pension Trust Fund accounts for the activities of the City's employees retirement plan, which accumulates resources for pension benefit payments.

Internal Service Fund accounts for equipment management services provided to other funds of the government on a cost reimbursement basis.

NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES—Continued

3. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation—Continued

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Government Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The City has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the City's water and sewer function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues are charges to customers for sales and services. The enterprise funds also recognize as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

4. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity

a. Deposits and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

The City has adopted an investment policy in compliance with State of Michigan statutes. Those statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the United States, certificates of deposit, prime commercial paper, securities guaranteed by United States agencies or instrumentalities, United States government or federal agency obligation repurchase agreements, bankers acceptances, state-approved investment pools and certain mutual funds.

The component units' cash and investments are maintained within the City's investment pool. All investments are stated at fair value.

NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES—Continued

4. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity—Continued

b. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of allowance for uncollectibles.

The City bills and collects its own property taxes and also collects taxes for the county, school and State of Michigan. Taxes are levied on each July 1 on the taxable valuation of property (as defined by state statutes) located in the Local Governmental Unit as of the preceding December 31. Uncollectible real property taxes as of the following March 1 are turned over by the City to the County for collection. The County advances the City all these delinquent real property taxes. The delinquent personal property taxes remain the responsibility of the City. The City recognizes all available revenue from the current tax levy. Available means collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period (60 days).

The 2003 state taxable value for real/personal property of the City totaled approximately \$101,100,000 of which approximately \$27,540,000 was captured by the component units. The ad valorem taxes levied consisted of 13.219 mills for the City's operating purposes. These amounts are recognized in the respective General Fund and TIFA.

c. Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out(FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

d. Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of the Enterprise Fund revenue bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because they are maintained in separate bank accounts and their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.

NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES—Continued

4. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity—Continued

e. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings and improvements	25-40
Infrastructure	20-30
Land improvements	10-20
Equipment	5-10
Access rights	40

f. Compensated Absences

City employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts based on length of service. Employees must use earned vacation time in the current year but can carry over a maximum of 20 days. Upon termination, employees are paid for unused vacation at their current rates. Sick leave is accumulated at the rate of one day per month of employment. Unused sick leave is accumulated up to 180 days for employees. Unused accumulated sick leave is paid to employees who resign or retire, limited to 75 days. All vacation and sick pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

g. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES—Continued

4. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity-Continued

g. Long-Term Obligations-Continued

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

h. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

i. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures.

NOTE B—STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

1. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds except the capital projects funds, which adopt project-length budgets, and the permanent fund, which is not budgeted. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary information provided in the financial statements:

- a. Prior to the first Monday of May, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b. Public hearings are conducted at the City Hall to obtain taxpayer comments.
- c. Not later than the first Monday in June, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- d. Supplemental appropriations, when required to provide for additional expenditures, are matched by additional anticipated revenues or an appropriation of available fund balance and must be approved by the City Council. All appropriations lapse at year end.

NOTE B-STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY-Continued

1. Budgetary Information—Continued

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function and department. The City's department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require the approval of the City Council. The legal level of budgetary control is the department level. The City Council made several supplemental budgetary appropriations throughout the year.

2. Fund Deficit

As of June 30, 2004, the City's Brownfield Redevelopment Authority had an undesignated fund deficit of \$10, 370. The deficit will be eliminated through future operations.

NOTE C—DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

1. Deposits

The City's deposits are categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the entity at year end. Category 1 includes deposits insured or collateralized with securities held by the entity or its agent in the entity's name. Category 2 includes deposits collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions' trust department or agent in the entity's name. Category 3 includes deposits which are uncollateralized.

As of June 30, 2004, the City's and component units' carrying amount of deposits was \$371,074, and the bank balance was \$374,098. Of the bank balance, \$282,006 was covered by federal depository insurance. The remaining \$92,092 was uninsured and uncollateralized.

2. Investments

As of June 30, 2004, the City's and component units' investments represented holdings in treasury notes, investment pools and mutual funds. During the year ended June 30, 2004, the City's investments were only in these types of investments.

The City's investments are categorized below to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the entity at year end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered, or the securities held by the City or its agent in the City's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the City's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent but not in the City's name. The state-approved investment pools are not categorized as they are synonymous with mutual funds. As of June 30, 2004, the City's fair value in those pools and mutual funds were \$5,879,322.

		Category		Fair value
	1	2	<u>3</u>	<u>amount</u>
Certificates of deposit	\$ 100,000	\$ 200,000	\$ -	\$ 300,000
U.S. government securities		<u>284,800</u>	-	284,800
	\$ <u>100,000</u>	\$ <u>484,800</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>584,800</u>

NOTE C—DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS—Continued

Investments—Continued

The composition of pension trust fund investments at fair value is included in the previous paragraph and shown in the following table:

International stock funds	\$	22,592
Managed domestic stock funds		352,288
Managed bonds funds		99,729
Participant loans		2,367
	\$_	476,976

Below is a summary of the combined balance sheet deposits and investments:

	<u>Deposit</u>	<u>Investments</u>	<u>Total</u>
Cash and investments	\$ 371,074	\$ 5,812,327	\$ 6,183,401
Restricted asset	-	651,795	651,795
Total deposits and investments	\$ <u>371,074</u>	\$ <u>6,464,122</u>	\$ <u>6,835,196</u>

3. Restricted Assets

Restrictions are placed on assets by bond ordinance and City Council action. At June 30, 2004, restricted cash and investments in the enterprise funds and LDFA component unit are restricted as follows:

Business-type activities

Water Fund	
Bond and Interest Redemption Fund	\$ 11,688
Bond Reserve Fund	40,500
	52,188
Sewer Fund	
Bond and Interest Redemption Fund	17,711
Bond Reserve Fund	<u>57,500</u>
2011 10001 10 2 0000	75,211
	\$ <u>127,399</u>
Component units	
LDFA	
Construction funds	\$ <u> 524,396</u>

After meeting the operation and maintenance and bond and interest redemption requirements of the bond ordinances, all remaining revenues of the system are to be paid to the bond reserve accounts until a sum equal to the maximum annual debt service requirement on the bonds has been accumulated. These amounts were achieved by March 2004, as required. As of June 30, 2004, there was \$98,000 deposited into this account.

NOTE D—CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2004 was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	<u>July 1, 2003</u>	Additions	<u>Deductions</u>	June 30, 2004
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$ 936,128	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 936,128
Construction in progress	100,477	66,842	Ψ 	<u>167,319</u>
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	1,036,605	66,842		1,103,447
Capital assets, being depreciated:		0.70 100	#0.00 <i>#</i>	0.001.046
Infrastructure	7,988,038	972,432	79,225	8,881,245
Buildings and other improvements	1,591,376	-	80,171	1,511,205
Land improvements	1,073,805	42 204	47,576 506,703	1,026,229 1,020,358
Equipment	1,483,847	43,304	506,793	
Total capital assets, being depreciated	12,137,066	1,015,736	713,765	12,439,037
Less accumulated depreciation for:	2 204 222	276.000	CC 721	2 207 209
Infrastructure	3,086,230	376,809	66,731	3,396,308 639,808
Buildings and other improvements	677,869	42,110 52,050	80,171 47,576	664,244
Land improvements	659,770 1,079,151	52,050 87,231	502,501	663,881
Equipment				
Total accumulated depreciation	5,503,020	<u>558,200</u>	<u>696,979</u>	5,364,241
Total capital assets, being depreciated, ne	et <u>6,634,046</u>	457,536	<u>16,786</u>	<u>7,074,796</u>
Capital assets, net	\$ <u>7,670,651</u>	\$ <u>524,378</u>	\$ <u>16,786</u>	\$ <u>8,178,243</u>
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$ 349,643	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 349,643
Construction in progress	-	200,624	•	200,624
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	349,643	200,624		550,267
• • •				,
Capital assets, being depreciated:	8,351,305	66,726	14,810	8,403,221
Plants and systems	866,107	263,744	298	1,129,553
Buildings and improvements	534,566	203,744	11,030	523,536
Land improvements Equipment	26 <u>3,465</u>	-	55,54 <u>3</u>	207,922
• •		220.450		
Total capital assets, being depreciated	10,015,443	330,470	<u>81,681</u>	10,264,232

NOTE D—CAPITAL ASSETS—Continued

	Balance July 1, 2003	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2004
Business-type activities:—Continued	<u> </u>	11001110110		
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Plants and systems	\$ 1,890,487	\$ 177,405	\$ 14,810	\$ 2,053,082
Building and improvements	643,931	15,346	298	658,979
Land improvements	239,296	10,141	11,030	238,407 105,046
Equipment	<u>142,512</u>	18,077	<u>55,543</u>	
Total accumulated depreciated	<u>2,916,226</u>	220,969	81,681	3,055,514
Total capital assets, being depreciated	d, net <u>7,099,217</u>	109,501		<u>7,208,718</u>
Capital assets, net	\$ <u>7,448,860</u>	\$ <u>310,125</u>	\$	\$ <u>7,758,985</u>
Government activities:				
Depreciation Depreciation expense was charged to	functions as follow	/s:		
General government				\$ 46,733
Public safety				93,524
Public works				345,105
Culture and recreation				1,583
Capital assets held by the governm				
service fund are charged to the va				71,255
based on their usage of the assets	3			
				\$ <u>558,200</u>
Business-type activities:				
Depreciation				
Depreciation expense was charged to	functions as follow	vs:		
Sewer				\$ 96,240
Water				110,367
Marina				14,362
				\$ <u>220,969</u>
Construction Commitments				

At June 30, 2004, the City had entered into various agreements for construction projects. Below is a summary of those agreements:

Fund	<u>Project</u>	Spent-to-date	Remaining
Sewer LDFA	Wastewater treatment plant Industrial park expansion	\$ 26,307 485,040	\$ 13,793 221,413
22111		\$ <u>511,347</u>	\$ <u>235,206</u>

_	NOTE D—CAPITAL ASSETS—Continued				
		Balance July 1, 2003	Additions	<u>Deductions</u>	Balance June 30, 2004
	Component units: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Tax Increment Finance Authority	\$ 145,568	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 145,568
	Land Local Development Finance Authority Land Construction in process	351,948 155,001	66,887	-	351,948 221,888
:	Total Local Development Finance Authority Capital assets, net	506,949 \$652,517	66,887 <u>66,887</u>	\$	<u>573,836</u> \$ <u>719,404</u>
:	NOTE E—ACCESS RIGHTS				
		Balance July 1, 2003	Additions	<u>Deductions</u>	Balance June 30, 2004
_	Sewer Fund Access rights (40 years) Less accumulated amortization	\$ 1,466,156 (826,835)	\$ - (30,761)	\$ - 	\$ 1,466,156 (857,596)
-	Access rights, net of accumulated amortization	\$ <u>639,321</u>	\$ <u>(30,761</u>)	\$	\$ <u>608,560</u>
—	NOTE F—BOND ISSUANCE COSTS				D 1
,	Business-type activities:	Balance July 1, 2003	Additions	<u>Deductions</u>	Balance <u>June 30, 2004</u>
-	Sewer Fund Issuance costs (9 years) Issuance costs (15 years) Water Fund	\$ 11,370 14,200	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ 11,370 14,200
	Issuance costs (12 years) Issuance costs (15 years) Total bond issuance costs	138,718 9,992 174,280	- -	-	138,718 <u>9,992</u> 174,280

NOTE F—BOND ISSUANCE COSTS—Continued

		Balance y 1, 2003	<u>A</u>	dditions	<u>Deduc</u>	<u>tions</u>	_	Balance ne 30, 2004
Business-type activities:								
Less amortization								
Sewer Fund								
Issuance costs (9 years)	\$	8,844	\$	1,263	\$	-	\$	10,107
Issuance costs (15 years)		2,840		947		-		3,787
Water Fund								
Issuance costs (12 years)		130,874		7,844		-		138,718
Issuance costs (15 years)		1,998		666			_	2,664
· · ·		144,556		10,720		-		155,276
Total bond issuance cost, net of								
accumulated amortization	\$_	29,724	\$	(10,720)	\$		\$_	19,004
Amortization								
Amortization expense was charged to fun-	ctions as	s follows:						
Sewer							\$	2,210
Water								10,720

NOTE G-DEFERRED REVENUE

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of deferred revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

12,930

	City			
	<u>Unavailable</u>	Unearned		
Special assessments not yet due (debt service fund) Receivables	\$ 19,427 	\$ - 10,957		
Total deferred/unearned revenue for governmental funds	\$ <u>19,427</u>	\$ <u>10,957</u>		

NOTE H—INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances, caused by normal operation, is as follows:

Due to/from other funds:

Receivable fund	Payable 1	fund		Amount					
General Fund Sewer Fund Water Fund Internal Service Fund	Water Fr Water Fr Internal Water Fr	ınd Service Fund		\$ 20,043 33 19,050 1,451 \$40,577					
Due from/to primary government and component units:									
Primary government General Fund - operation Component unit			\$ 10,000	10,000					
Brownfield - operational	Поап		\$_10,000	\$_10,000					
			Ф <u>10,000</u>	\$ <u></u>					
	Transf	ers in:							
	Street Improvement Fund	Other nonmajor funds	<u>Total</u>	<u>Purpose</u>					
Transfers out:									
General Fund	\$ 109,000	\$ 178,600	\$ 287,600	Public works					
Street Improvement Fun	ıd -	- 16,802		Public service					
Nonmajor governmenta		00.066	160.051	Public works					
funds	<u>80,685</u>	<u>80,266</u>	<u>160,951</u>	and debt service					

\$<u>275,668</u>

\$<u>465,353</u>

Component unit transfer:

Total

During the year the TIFA and LDFA contributed significant amounts to the City as follows:

\$<u>189,685</u>

Governmental	Business-type
<u>activities</u>	activities
\$ 120,650	\$ 162,089
167,319	194,442
201,798	-
79,083	-
	activities \$ 120,650 167,319 201,798

NOTE I—LONG-TERM DEBT

Summary of Changes in Long-Term Liabilities
The following is a summary of long-term liabilities activity for the City for the year ended June 30, 2004.

Governmental activities: General obligation bonds \$500,000 \$- \$50,000 \$450,000 \$55,000 Installment purchase agreements 223,456 - 22,864 200,592 23,000 Compensated absences 173,099 54,029 - 227,128 Governmental activity Long-term liabilities \$896,555 \$54,029 \$72,864 \$877,720 \$78,000 Business-type activities: Revenue bonds \$1,488,381 \$- \$217,251 \$1,271,130 \$119,667 Installment purchase bonds 21,334 - 5,334 16,000 5,333 Compensated absences \$1,562,949 \$- \$235,323 \$1,327,626 \$125,000 Component units: TIFA (Limited tax development bonds) \$920,000 \$- \$220,000 \$700,000 \$175,000 LDFA (Limited tax development bonds) \$970,000 \$695,000 \$270,000 \$1,395,000 \$240,000 Governmental activities: General obligation \$900,000 \$695,000 \$270,000 \$1,395,000 \$240,000 Governmental activities: General obligation \$900,000 \$695,000 \$270,000 \$1,395,000 \$240,000 Governmental activities: General obligation \$900,000 \$695,000 \$270,000 \$1,395,000 \$240,000 Governmental activities: General obligation \$900,000 \$695,000 \$270,000 \$1,395,000 \$240,000 Governmental activities: General obligation \$900,000 \$695,000 \$270,000 \$1,395,000 \$240,000 Governmental activities: \$1,500,000 \$1,500,		Balance July 1, 2003	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2004	Due within one year
Long-term liabilities	General obligation bonds Installment purchase agreements	\$ 500,000 223,456	\$ - -	\$ 50,000	\$ 450,000 200,592	\$ 55,000
Revenue bonds		\$ <u>896,555</u>	\$ <u>54,029</u>	\$ <u>72,864</u>	\$ <u>877,720</u>	\$ <u>78,000</u>
Component units: TIFA (Limited tax development bonds)	Revenue bonds Installment purchase bonds	21,334 53,234		5,334 12,738	16,000 40,496	5,333
Governmental activities: General obligation bonds: \$310,000 Limited Tax General Obligation Special Assessment Bonds of 1990 with final installment of \$25,000 due April 2005; interest at 7.3% \$25,000 Michigan Department of Transportation loan in annual installments of \$30,000 to \$50,000 through April 2015; interest at rates varying from 5.25% to 5.55% Installment purchase agreements: Note payable to bank due in monthly installments of \$658, including interest through September 2009; interest at 6.61% Note payable to bank due in monthly installments starting March 2002 through March 2012 of \$2,216, including interest at 5.95% Compensated absences 164,739 650,592 Compensated absences	TIFA (Limited tax development bonds) LDFA (Limited tax development	\$ 920,000 	\$ - 	\$ 220,000 	695,000	65,000
in annual installments of \$30,000 to \$50,000 through April 2015; interest at rates varying from 5.25% to 5.55% Installment purchase agreements: Note payable to bank due in monthly installments of \$658, including interest through September 2009; interest at 6.61% Note payable to bank due in monthly installments starting March 2002 through March 2012 of \$2,216, including interest at 5.95% Compensated absences 425,000 425,000 425,000 164,730 15,853 164,739 650,592 227,128	General obligation bonds: \$310,000 Limited Tax General C Special Assessment Bonds of final installment of \$25,000 du	Obligation 1990 with				
Note payable to bank due in monthly installments of \$658, including interest through September 2009; interest at 6.61% Note payable to bank due in monthly installments starting March 2002 through March 2012 of \$2,216, including interest at 5.95% Compensated absences 35,853 164,739 650,592 227,128	in annual installments of \$30,0 through April 2015; interest at			425,000		
starting March 2002 through March 2012 of 164,739 \$2,216, including interest at 5.95% 650,592 Compensated absences 227,128	Note payable to bank due in mor of \$658, including interest thro	s		35,853	·	
Compensated absences 227,128	starting March 2002 through M	S				
	Compensated absences				227,128	

NOTE I—LONG-TERM DEBT—Continued

Summary of Changes in Long-Term Liabilities—Continued

, ,	Balance <u>June 30, 2004</u>
Business-type activities: Revenue bonds: Muskegon County Wastewater Management System No. 1 refunding bonds of 1996 due in annual installments of \$48,897 to \$47,850 through July 2005; interest at rates varying from 5.1% to 5.7%	\$ 96,747
Muskegon County Wastewater Management System No. 1 refunding of 2002 due in annual installments of \$4,656 to \$60,631 through July 2008; plus interest rates varying from 1.8% to 5%	194,382
Water Supply System Revenue Bonds of 2000 due in annual installments of \$25,000 to \$50,000 through April 2015, interest at rates varying from 5.25% to 5.5%	405,000
Sanitary Sewer System Revenue Bonds of 2000 due in annual installments of \$40,000 to \$70,000 through April 2015; interest at rates varying from 5.25% to 5.55%	575,000
Installment purchase agreements: Note payable to bank due in annual installments of \$5,333 plus interest; final payment due May 2007, interest at 5.7% Compensated absences	16,000 1,287,129 40,496
•	\$ <u>1,327,625</u>
Component units: General obligation bonds: Tax Increment Financing Authority \$620,000 Limited Tax Development Bonds of 1990 with final payment of \$100,000 due April 2005; interest at 7.3%	\$ 100,000
Tax Increment Financing Authority \$800,000 Limited Tax Development Bonds of 2001 due in annual installments of \$75,000 to \$95,000 through February 2011; interest at rates varying from 3.7% to 4.6%	600,000
Local Development Finance Authority \$695,000 Tax Increment Development Bonds of 2004 due in annual installments of \$65,000 to \$80,000 through February 2014; interest at rates varying from 1.65% to 3.95%	<u>695,000</u> \$ <u>1,395,000</u>

NOTE I—LONG-TERM DEBT—Continued

Summary of Changes in Long-Term Liabilities—Continued

The general obligation bonds are backed by the full faith and credit of the City.

The 1996 and 2002 County of Muskegon wastewater contracts payable represent agreements with Muskegon County relating to the construction of sewage treatment facilities. To construct these facilities, the County issued bonds which local municipalities are obligated to repay. The City has recorded the liability for its portion of the County bonds which are to be repaid by the access rights fee. Access rights are also recorded and are amortized over 10 years. The contractual obligation is secured by the full faith and credit of the City. Current debt service requirements are funded by sewer revenues.

The 1996 and 2002 County of Muskegon wastewater contracts payable and the 2000 Water Supply revenue bonds are payable solely from the net revenues of the sewer and water supply directing the City to create funds restricted for use in the construction project and in debt service. Assets so restricted are detailed in note C3.

The City was in compliance in all material respects with all the revenue bond ordinances at June 30, 2004.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for debt outstanding as of June 30, 2004 follows:

		Governr	nen	ıtal		Busine	ss-t	ype				
Year ending		activi	ties		_	activ	itie	s	_	Compone	nt u	<u>mits</u>
June 30, 2004	<u>P</u> 1	rincipal	<u>Ir</u>	<u>iterest</u>	P	rincipal		Interest	I	Principal	<u>In</u>	terest
2005	\$	78,000	\$	37,117	\$	128,162	\$	68,548	\$	240,000	\$	51,489
2006		54,531		31,470		125,000		62,096		145,000		43,198
2007		55,976		28,458		142,126		53,996		145,000		38,745
2008		62,610		25,249		136,211		46,680		150,000		33,840
2009		64,348		21,674		145,631		39,697		155,000		28,365
2010-2014		286,228		57,012		490,000		119,255		560,000		56,038
2015	_	50,000	_	3,050	_	120,000	-	7,185			_	
Total	\$_	651,693	\$_	<u>204,030</u>	\$_	1,287,130	\$_	397,457	\$_	1,395,000	\$ _	<u>251,675</u>

NOTE J—OTHER INFORMATION

1. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries commercial insurance. Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss in excess of insurance coverage can be reasonably estimated. There has been no loss in excess of insurance in the past three years.

2. Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability to the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The City is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the City's counsel the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

3. Post-Retirement Health Care

The City has agreed to provide post-retirement health care to certain full-time employees after they reach age 55 and have 15 years of service or age 60 and have 10 years of service. The City will pay 100 percent of the non-union employee's premium and 80 percent of the union employee's premium after 20 years of employment.

As of year end, there was one retired employee receiving benefits. The City finances the Plan on a pay-as-you-go basis. For the year ended June 30, 2004, the City's post-retirement health care cost under the Plan was approximate \$2,400.

4. Grants

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal and state governments. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

5. Commitments

The City has various contract agreements for projects and grant commitments as of June 30, 2004 of approximately \$237,000. The City has also entered into an additional \$500,000 in contracts since June 30, 2004. These costs are being financed by grants and contributions from TIFA.

NOTE J-OTHER INFORMATION-Continued

6. Jointly Governed Organization

The City, in conjunction with other governmental entities, created the White Lake Solid Waste Authority (WLSWA) to operate a solid waste transfer station, the White Lake Ambulance Authority (WLAA) to provide ambulance services, the White Lake Fire Authority (WLFA) to provide fire protection and rescue services, and the White Lake Community Library (WLCL) to provide an area library.

The boards of the Authorities are comprised of one or two members from each participating entity. The WLSWA and WLAA boards annually assess participating entities in projected amounts required to subsidize the Authorities' annual operations. For the year ended June 30, 2004, the City's assessment for WLAA was \$33,385. WLFA and WLCL are funded through a property tax levy. Audited financial statements are available from the Authorities. There was no assessment for WLSWA for the year ended June 30, 2004.

NOTE K-EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS

1. Pension Plan

Plan Description. The City is in an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with the Municipal Employees Retirement System (MERS), administered by the State of Michigan. The Plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to Plan members and beneficiaries. Act No. 427 of the Public Acts of 1984 of the State of Michigan assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions of the plans that participate in MERS to the respective employer entities; that authority rests with the City. A copy of the complete financial report and required supplemental information can be obtained by writing to:

City of Whitehall 401 Colby Street Whitehall, MI 49461

Funding Policy. City employees are required to contribute 3 to 5 percent to the Plan depending on employee contract. The City is required to contribute at an actuarially-determined rate depending upon position from 0.81 to 13.88 percent of covered wages.

Annual Pension Cost. For the year ended June 30, 2004, the City's annual pension cost was approximately \$46,000 which the City contributed. The required contribution was determined as part of the December 31, 2001 actuarial valuation using the entry age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 8 percent investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), (b) projected salary increases ranging from 0 percent to 4.5 percent, and (c) 4.5 percent per year compounded annually attributable to inflation. The actuarial value of plan assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period.

NOTE K-EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS-Continued

1. Pension Plan—Continued

Three-Year Trend Information

Year ending	Approximate Annual Pension Cost (APC)	Percent of APC contributed	Net Pension Obligation		
6/30/02	\$43,000	100%	\$ -		
6/30/03	34,000	100	-		
6/30/04	46,000	100	-		

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Schedule of Funding Progress

(Dollars amounts in thousands)

Actuarial valuation date	Actuarial value of assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age	Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	Funded ratio	Covered payroll	UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll
12/31/01	\$2,768	\$2,712	\$ (56)	102%	\$ 993	(5.6)%
12/31/02	2,798	2,953	155	95	1,000	15.5
12/31/03	2,927	3,133	206	93	986	20.9

2. Deferred Compensation Plan

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The Plan, available to all full-time City employees at their option, permits participants to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to participants until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

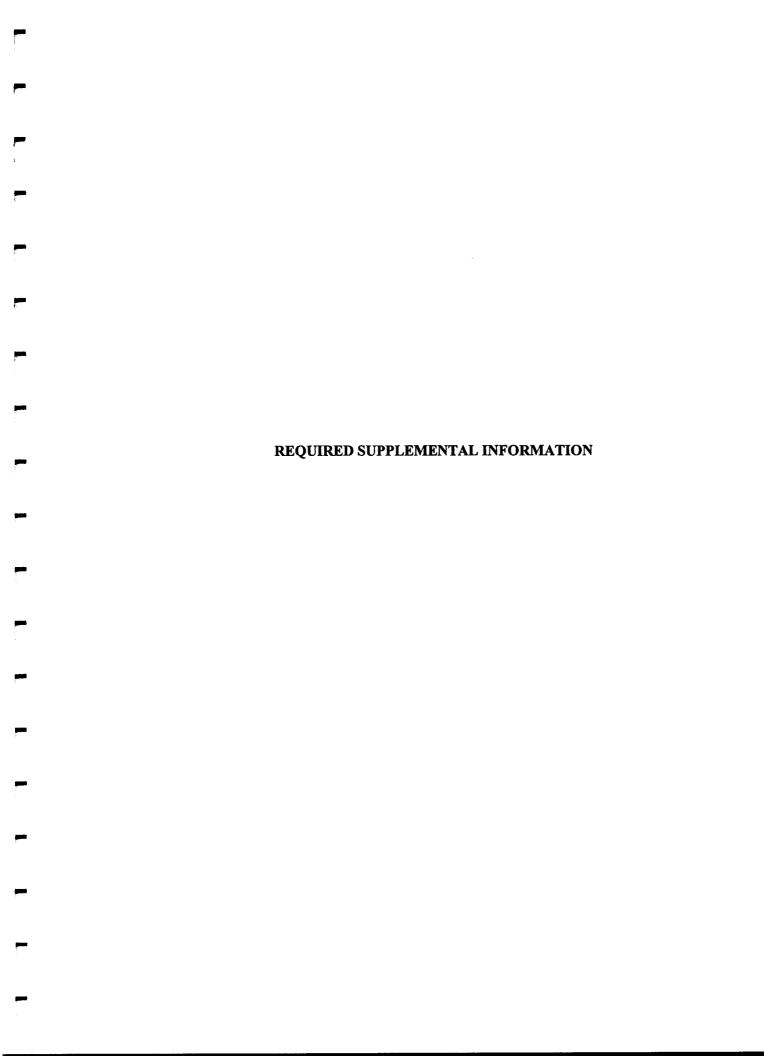
The Plan has created a trust for the exclusive benefit of the Plan's participants and beneficiaries under rules provided in Internal Revenue Code Section 401(f).

NOTE L—ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

State of Michigan shared revenues represent 21 percent of General Fund revenues.

The City has a significant economic dependence on a local corporation that is a major employer, taxpayer, and user of water and sewer services. The following is the percentage of taxes and utilities paid by the corporation.

Real and personal property taxes	44%
Water and sewer accounts receivable	69%
Water and sewer billings	69%



City of Whitehall

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

General Fund

For the year ended June 30, 2004

Variance with

							inal budget-	
		Budgeted as	mounts			positive		
	Ori	ginal	Final		Actual	_	(negative)	
REVENUES				_			4 400	
Property taxes	• •	-,	\$ 1,011,000	\$	1,015,432	\$	4,432	
Licenses and permits		1,500	17,900		18,570		670	
Intergovernmental revenues		9,058	654,771		637,220		(17,551)	
Charges for services		7,341	77,341		62,492		(14,849)	
Fines and forfeitures		1,800	11,550		14,057		2,507	
Investment earnings	2	8,000	17,000		18,705		1,705	
Other		1,000	5,000	_	6,964		1,964	
Total revenues	1,79	5,199	1,794,562		1,773,440		(21,122)	
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
General government	48	0,195	477,145		428,468		(48,677)	
Public safety	72	6,831	754,831		660,321		(94,510)	
Public works	13	9,010	142,005		116,189		(25,816)	
Health and sanitation	1	8,030	28,030		30,117		2,087	
Community and economic development	3	5,525	22,055		18,512		(3,543)	
Culture and recreation	12	0,105	132,705		121,604		(11,101)	
Other governmental functions		3,110	13,110		9,656		(3,454)	
Debt service								
Principal		6,686	6,686		6,612		(74)	
Interest and fees		2,544	2,544		2,617		73	
Capital outlay		5,050	33,700		30,747		(2,953)	
Total expenditures		7,086	1,612,811		1,424,843	_	(187,968)	
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	21	8,113	181,751		348,597		166,846	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-	4,700		4,722		22	
Transfers out	(29	9,555)	(326,970)		(287,600)		39,370	
Total other financing sources (uses)		9,555)	(322,270)	_	(282,878)	_	39,392	
Net change in fund balance	\$(8	31,442)	(140,519)		65,719	s _	206,238	
Fund balances at July 1, 2003					826,211			
Fund balances at June 30, 2004				\$	891,930			

City of Whitehall BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

Street Improvement Fund For the year ended June 30, 2004

Variance with

		ed amounts		final budget- positive
	<u>Original</u>	Final	Actual	(negative)
REVENUES Intergovernmental revenues - local Investment earnings Total revenues	\$ 76,000 1,000 77,000	\$ 126,831 100 126,931	\$ 287,969 132 288,101	\$ 161,138 32 161,170
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay	301,770	390,940	547,311	156,371
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(224,770)	(264,009)	(259,210)	4,799
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)	125,770 (16,805) 108,965	189,685 (16,805) 172,880	189,685 (16,802) 172,883	3 3
Net change in fund balances	\$ (115,805)	\$ (91,129)	(86,327)	\$ 4,802
Fund balances at July 1, 2003			91,938	
Fund balances at June 30, 2004			\$ 5,611	

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

City of Whitehall BALANCE SHEET Other Governmental Funds June 30, 2004

				Special revenue funds								Capital projects funds									Debt serv	Permanent Fund						
		Total other governmental funds		eaf Removal		tral Business District rovement #1		Major Street		Local Street	_	Building Inspection	1	Sidewalk mprovement	3	Mill Pond Construction	<u>I</u>	Capital mprovements	_1	Public mprovement		Downtown Powerline Construction	D	000 Michigan Department of Transportation		Special Assessment Debt Service	-	Cemetery Care Fund
ASSETS Cash and investments Special assessments	s	898,843 19,427	s	4,194	s	27,839 19,427	s	124,916	\$	145,344	s	10,784	Ş	4 0 -	s	80,597 -	s	69,15 5 -	\$	14,473	S	83,378 -	S	-	\$	- 1	i	338,123
Due from other governmental units	_	46,222		4,194		47,266		34,703 159,619	s	11,519 156,863	 S	10,784	_ s	40	s_	80,597	s_	69,155	s_	14,473	s_	83,378	s		s_		<u>-</u>	338,123
Total assets	,-	964,492	'-	4,174	'-	47,200	•	103,013	-		-				•													
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities Accounts payable	s	496	s		s	•	s		s	170 1,015	s	35 201	s		s		\$	•	s	•	s	:	s		s	- ! -	s	
Accrued liabilities Deferred revenue	_	2,492 19,427	_		_	19,427	-	1,253	-		_		_	·	-		-	<u> </u>	-	<u> </u>	-	: _			-	· ·	_	
Total liabilities		22,415		23		19,427		1,544		1,185		236		-		•												
Fund balances Reserved for: Capital projects		247,603		•		-				-				-		80,597		69,155		14,473		83,378		-				- 338,123
Perpetual care Unreserved		338,123 356,351		4,171	_	27,839		158,075		155,678	-	10,548	_	40	-		_		_				-		. -		-	338,123
Total fund balances	-	942,077		4,171	-	27,839		158,075		155,678	-	10,548	-	40	•	80,597	-	69,155	~	14,473	-	83,378	_	<u> </u>				
Total liabilities and fund balances	s _	964,492	. s_	4,194	s_	47,266	s	159,619	, s	156,863	. s_	10,784	s_	40_	s.	80,597	s _	69,155	s _	14,473	s _	83,378	٥_	· · ·	. s.		5 _	338,123

City of Whitehall STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) Other Governmental Funds For the year ended June 30, 2004

				Special revenue fu	nds				Capital p	rojects funds	Debt serv	Permanent		
	Total other governmental funds	Leaf Removal and Disposal	Central Business District Improvement #1	Major Street	Local Street	Building Inspection	Sidewalk Improvement	Mill Pond Construction	Capital Improvements	Public Improvement	Downtown Powerline Construction	2000 Michigan Department of Transportation	Special Assessment Debt Service	Fund Cemetery Care Fund
REVENUES														
Intergovernmental revenues				\$ 205,906 \$	79,525	•	s -	•	٠.	s - :	.	s -	s - :	
State	\$ 285,431	s -	\$ -	\$ 205,906 \$	19,323	• -	•	•	•	•		•	•	
Local	22,574	•	22,574	•	•	33,720	-	_			-		-	13,750
Charges for services	47,470	-	-	- 767	632	33,720 72	12	235	442	152	533	_	-	12,409
Investment earnings	15,567	72	241	767		- '2	- 14	200		7.400	-	-	-	
Other	7,902	502												26,159
Total revenues	378,944	574	22,815	206,673	80,157	33,792	12	235	442	7,552	533	•	•	20,139
EXPENDITURES														
Current														
Public safety	25,960	- '	•	•	•	25,960	•	-	•	•	•	-	•	-
Public works	294,058	63,774	•	128,211	102,073	-	•	-	-	-	-	•	•	•
Debt service												25 000	25,000	
Principal	66,254	•	-	•	•	-	•	•	-	16,254	-	25,000 24,418	4,350	•
Interest and fees	39,100	-	•	-	-	-	•	-	•	10,332	•	24,410	4,330	-
Capital outlay	7,860	. <u> </u>		•				7,860						
Total expenditures	433,232	63,774		128,211	102,073	25,960		7,860		26,586		49,418	29,350	
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(54,288)	(63,200)	22,815	78,462	(21,916)	7,832	12	(7,625)	442	(19,034)	533	(49,418)	(29,350)	26,159
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating transfers in Operating transfers out	275,668 (160,951)	68,600	(29,350)	(112,735)	70,300 (11,366)	•	7,500 (7,500)	50,500				49,418	29,350	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	114,717	68,600	(29,350)	(112,735)	58,934	-	<u> </u>	50,500				49,418	29,350	
Net change in fund balances	60,429	5,400	(6,535)	(34,273)	37,018	7,832	12	42,875	442	(19,034)	533	•	-	26,159
Fund balances (deficits) at July 1, 2003	881,648	(1,229)	34,374	192,348	118,660	2,716	28_	37,722	68,713	33,507	82,845			311,964
Fund balances at June 30, 2004	\$ 942,077	\$ 4,171	\$ 27,839	\$ 158,075	155,678	\$ 10,548	s <u>40</u>	\$ 80,597	\$ 69,155	\$ 14,473	\$ 83,378	\$ <u>·</u>	\$	\$ 338,123

STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

City of Whitehall SCHEDULE OF OPERATING STATISTICS

For the ten years ended June 30 (Unaudited)

	_	2004		2003	_	2002	_	2001	_	2000	_	1999	_	1998	_	1997		1996	_	1995
Tax levy and millages Estimated population		2,884		2,884		2,884		2,884		3,027		3,027		3,027		3,027		3,027		3,027
State equalized valuation City total Per resident	\$	101,095,154 35,054	\$	99,941,443 34,654	\$	92,307,236 32,007	\$	87,605,217 30,376	\$	86,596,278 28,608	\$	82,616,153 27,293	\$	77,758,250 25,688	\$	71,723,249 23,694	\$	68,238,725 22,543	\$	66,100,300 21,837
Tax levy (mills) General Fund		13.219		13.219		13.219		13.219		13.358		14.018		13.50		13.35		14.75		15.00
Tax levy—amounts Total levy Per resident	s	1,336,377 463.38	s	1,321,126 458.09	\$	1,220,202 423.09	\$	1,158,046 401.54	\$	1,156,753 382.15	\$	1,158,113 382.59	\$	1,049,737 346.79	\$	957,506 316.32	s	1,002,404 331.15	\$	991,505 327.55
State shared revenues Total amount Per resident	s	603,929 209.41	\$	607,093 210.50	s	640,490 222.08	\$	682,673 236.71	\$	686,772 226.89	s	662,591 218.89	s	657,322 217.15	\$	653,616 215.93	\$	562,469 185.82	S	553,873 182.98
Federal shared revenues Total amount Per resident	\$	225,407 78.16	\$	6,250 2.17	s	25,517 8.84	s	638,407 221.36	\$	2,049,179 676.97	\$	164,643 54.39	\$	35,000 11.56	s	-	S	3,480 1.15	\$	5,476 1.81
Total revenue—General Fund Amount Per resident	S	1,778,162 616.56	\$	1,766,576 612.54	s	1,793,793 621.98	\$	1,647,413 571.22	\$	1,580,737 522.22	s	1,509,145 498.56	s	1,348,564 445.51	s	1,374,410 454.05	\$	1,378,740 455.48	\$	1,363,865 450.57
Total expenditures—General Fund Amount Per resident	s	1,712,443 593.77	\$	1,845,898 640.05	s	1,727,770 599.08	s	1,474,719 511.34	\$	1,461,157 482.71	s	1,324,965 437.71	s	1,215,936 401.70	\$	1,204,048 397.77	\$	1,141,767 377.19	\$	1,077,361 355.92

2003 Current real and personal property taxes were assessed and collected as detailed below:

Unit	_	Levy	Collected	Delinquent	Percent collected
City School County Library Fire Authority	s -	1,336,369 2,808,756 909,760 116,253 145,609	1,336,344 2,808,672 909,738 116,250 145,605	33 84 22 3 4	
	s _	5,316,747	\$ 5,316,609	S 146	99.9_%

City of Whitehall COMPARATIVE OPERATING STATISTICS WATER AND SEWER SYSTEM

For the five years ended June 30 (Unaudited)

	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000
Population served	2,884	2,884	2,884	2,884	3,027
Average number of meters in service	1,274	1,246	1,284	1,282	1,253
M. gallons pumped to main	390,293	389,188	397,396	397,020	382,448
M. gallons sold	364,611	365,705	369,681	328,702	314,867
M. gallons water line loss	25,682	23,483	27,715	68,318	67,581
Loss percent to total pumpage	6.6 %	6.0 %	7.0 %	17.2 %	17.7 %
Revenues from sales Water Sewer	\$ 692,830 724,480	\$ 713,959 \$ 716,075	\$ 723,439 \$ 755,720	661,478 715,334	\$ 663,786 644,591
Average number of customers	1,150	1,143	1,169	1,195	1,166